Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**Key\_**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ P# \_\_\_\_\_ HR \_\_\_\_\_

**Section 2 – Mesopotamian Civilization**

**STUDY GUIDE – Summative on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**People / Places / Vocab**

1. Mesopotamia – **Ancient country in the Tigris River Valley**
2. Civilizations –**Complex societies that include cities, government, art, religion, class, divisions and a writing system**
3. Sargon – **King of the Akkadians**
4. Artisans- **Skilled workers who made metal products, cloth, or pottery**
5. Empire- **A group of many different land under one ruler**
6. Babylon – **A city by the Euphrates River that became a center of trade**
7. City-state – **Sumerian city with its own government & the land around it**

**Multiple Choice**

1. What is a curving strip of land that extends from the Mediterranean Sea to the Persian Gulf?

**Fertile Crescent**

1. What did the few Sumerians who learned how to write become?

**Scribes**

1. Between what two rivers did civilization in Mesopotamia begin in?

 **Tigris and Euphrates**

TURN OVER 🡺

**Short Answer**

* Restate the question/statement
* Correct capitalization/punctuation
* Elaborate/explain
1. How have the people of Mesopotamia affected society today? Give examples of their ideas and inventions. **The people of Mesopotamia affected our society today by inventing writing to help us keep records and pass ideas on to others. They also invented the wheel, plow, sailboat, geometry, number system, 360 degree circle, studied the sky to tell time and the 12 month calendar. These inventions have been improved upon over time and are still used today.**
2. The floods of the Tigris and Euphrates Rivers were unpredictable. What did the farmers do to solve this problem?

**To solve the problem of the Tigris and Euphrates Rivers being unpredictable farmers built walls, waterways and ditches to bring water to their fields.**

1. How would Hammurabi’s Laws be viewed today? Explain

**Hammurabi’s laws would be viewed has harsh or cruel today. We do not believe in an eye for an eye today, nor do we cut peoples’ hands off for hitting others.**

**There will also be a chart to read and a document based question to answer.**